How Cybersecurity is Changing Test Engineering



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### **Presenters**



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- NI Sr Director, R&D SW
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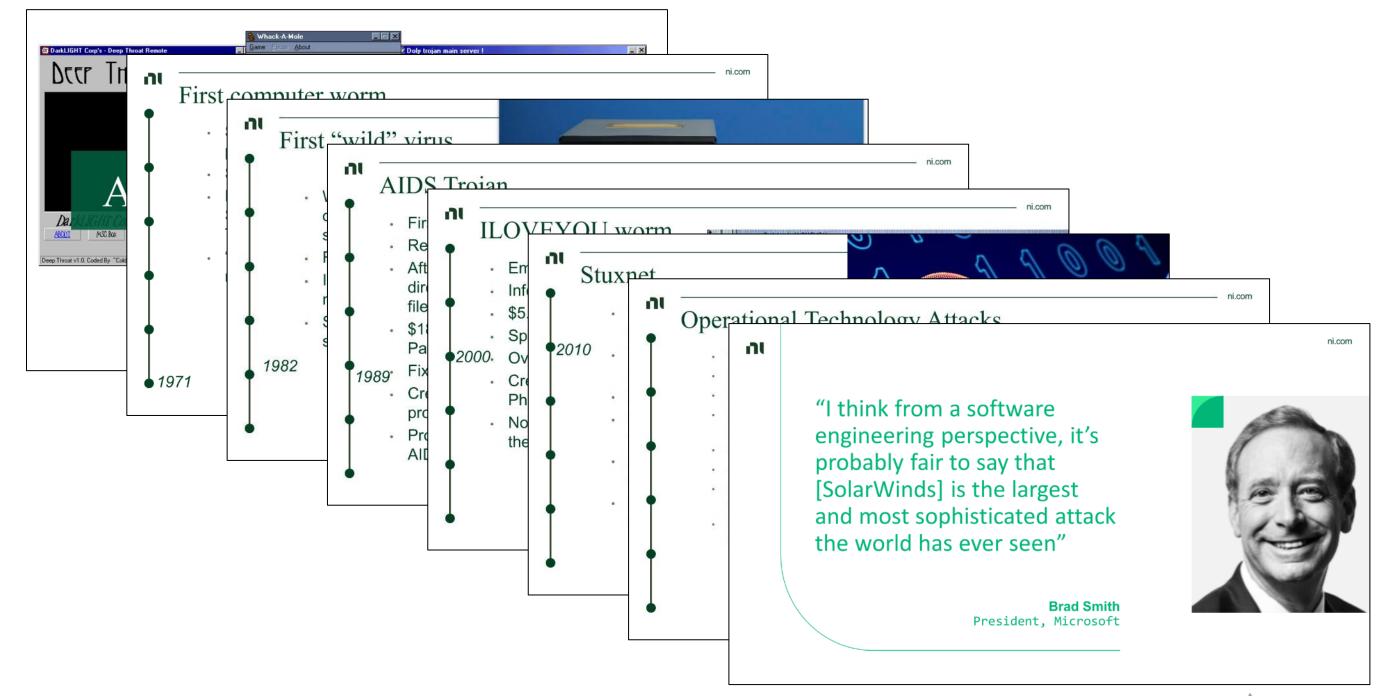


Joe Jarzombek

- SCRM & Software Assurance SME
- Ret. AF, DHS, Pentagon SW Security



# **Cybersecurity Threats**





# **Cybersecurity Threats – 2023 update**

### 2023:

- 60% increase in interactive intrusion campaigns (executing actions on host)
- Most targeted sector: Technology (23% of attacks)
- Most targeted country: US (61% of attacks)
- Attacks not using Malware: 75% (social engineering, phishing, access brokers)
- 76% increase in victims named on eCrime leak sites
- Average breakout time: 62 minutes (down from 87 minutes) fastest: 2 min 7 sec
- Total Ransomware attacks: Up 84% over 2022 to 4,667 cases
- More than \$1B ransom paid in 2023



# **Cybersecurity Threats – 2024 update**

### Blackjack infrastructure attack

https://claroty.com/team82/research/unpacking-the-blackjack-groups-fuxnet-malware

Ukrainian attack on Russian infrastructure (water/sewer)

Claimed by the attackers:

- Disabled up to 1,700 sensor-gateways
- Fuzzed or disabled up to 87,000 sensors
- Gained access to Russia's emergency service number
- Disabled network appliances
- Deleted servers, workstations, databases (30 TB)
- Disabled access to utility office building
- Dumped passwords from multiple internal services







# Does security matter to test?

#### 2008: Mocmex virus

- Designed to work around firewalls and security software
- Downloads files from remote locations
- Hides and randomly renames files
- Spreads through portable storage devices
- Hides on firmware in digital photoframes, spreads on home networks
- How did this get into the photoframes?
- Installed from infected testers



# **Evolution of a Cybersecurity Attack**

Privilege Credential Lateral **Initial Access** Exfiltration **Impact** Persistence Escalation Access Movement Achieve Modify Harvest Move Obtain policies /add Use data to identity additional Download among credentials identities persistence credentials targets data monetize

A modern cybersecurity strategy has to prepare for every stage of an attack



# **Zero Trust Principles**

**Microsoft Security** 

### Verify explicitly

Always authenticate and authorize based on all available data points, including user identity, location, device health, service or workload, data classification, and anomalies.

### Use least-privilege access

Limit user access with just-in-time and just-enough access (JIT/JEA), risk-based adaptive polices, and data protection to help secure both data and productivity.

### Assume breach

Minimize blast radius and segment access. Verify end-to-end encryption and use analytics to get visibility, drive threat detection, and improve defenses.



# **Zero Trust Example – Airport Security**

#### Ticket Counter



Authenticate (ID) Authorize (Ticket) X-ray Bags

#### Gate



Authorize (Ticket)

#### Security Checkpoint



Authenticate (ID)
Authorize (Ticket)
X-ray Person & Bags

#### Cockpit



#### Baggage Handling



Controlled Access

#### Pilot



Access (ID)





# **Government Action - Europe**

European CRA

https://www.european-cyber-resilience-act.com/

First proposed September 2022
Passed in March 2024
Waiting on Formal Adoption – May 2024



### Key Elements:

- Required for import to the EU
- Applies to any hardware or software expected to connect to another device or network
- Will require new CE mark asserting compliance with security standards
- Companies will have 21 & 36 months to fully comply





# **EU CRA Security Standards**

### European CRA

https://www.european-cyber-resilience-act.com/

- Develop with secure development principles
- Provide security related information with logging
- Reduce impact of an incident
- Release product with no known exploitable vulnerabilities
- Release with secure-by-default configuration
- 5-year security support cycle

- Conduct cyber risk assessment
- Cooperate with market surveillance authorities
- Manage supply chain for security
- Maintain SBOM for each device
- Fix vulnerabilities
- Public disclosure of vulnerabilities, fixes



## **Government Action - US Government**

Federal Acquisition Regulation: Cyber Threat and Incident Reporting and Information Sharing

#### **Expected to be released in May 2024:**

- Contractors must generate SBOM for any software "used in performance of a contract"
- Cooperate with CISA on any cyber investigation
- Report cyber incidents to CISA within 8 hours
- Comply with all-IPv6 network requirements



# FEDERAL REGISTER

The Daily Journal of the United States Government



## **Government Action – US DoD**

### Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification - CMMC

#### **Release expected October 2024**

Systems processing Government Data must comply with NIST 800-171 controls



### 17 control families, 110 controls:

- Access Control
- 2. Awareness and Training
- 3. Audit and Accountability
- 4. Configuration Management
- 5. Contingency Planning
- 6. Identification and Authentication
- 7. Incident Response
- 8. Maintenance
- 9. Media Protection

- 10. Personnel Security
- 11. Physical Protection and Environmental Protection
- 12. Planning
- 13. Program Management
- 14. Risk Assessment
- 15. Security Assessment and Authorization
- 16. System and Communications Protection
- 17. System and Information Integrity



#### Department of Homeland Security

Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA)

Secure Software Development Attestation Form Instruction

#### Read all instructions before completing this form

#### Privacy Act Statement

<u>Authority</u>: 44 U.S.C. § 3554, Executive Order (EO) 14028, Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity, and Memorandum M-22-18, "Enhancing the Security of the Software Supply Chain through Secure Software Development Practices" (M-22-18) authorize the collection of this information.

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this form is to provide the Federal Government assurances that software used by agencies is securely developed.

Routine Uses: This information may be disclosed as generally permitted under Executive Order 14028, Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity (EO 14028) and Memorandum M-22-18, "Enhancing the Security of the Software Supply Chain through Secure Software Development Practices" (M-22-18), as amended. This includes using information as necessary and authorized by the routine uses published in [applicable agency SORN].

<u>Disclosure</u>: Providing this information is mandatory. Failure to provide any of the information requested may result in the agency no longer utilizing the software at issue. Willfully providing false or misleading information may constitute a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1001, a criminal statute.

#### What is the Purpose of Filling out this Form?

The Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (FISMA) requires each Federal agency to provide security protections for both "information collected or maintained by or on behalf of an agency" and for "information systems used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency or other organization on behalf of an agency." FISMA and other provisions of Federal law authorize the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to promulgate information security standards for information security systems, including to ensure compliance with standards promulgated by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

I attest that [software producer]
presently makes consistent use of
the following practices, drawn
from the secure software
development framework (SSDF)
in developing the software

## **Government Action - DHS CISA**

### **GSA 7700 Attestation Form**

https://www.gsa.gov/reference/forms/secure-software-development-attestation

- To ensure a safe and secure digital ecosystem for all Americans, CISA released the Secure Software Development Attestation Form on March 11, 2024, taking a major step in the implementation of its requirement that producers of software used by the Federal Government attest to the adoption of secure development practices.
  - CISA developed this form in close consultation with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and based upon practices established in the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Secure Software Development Framework (SSDF).
  - The release of the secure software development attestation form reinforces <u>secure by</u> <u>design principles</u> advanced by CISA, Federal government partners, and international allies.
  - As a step on this journey, Executive Order 14028 and the OMB M-22-18, Enhancing the Security of the Software Supply Chain through Secure Software Development Practices, and OMB M-23-16, Update to Memorandum M-22-18, required development of an attestation form in which software producers serving the federal government will be required to confirm implementation of specific security practices.



# **Government Action - DHS CISA**

Software Acquisition Guide for Government Enterprise Consumers: Software Assurance in the Cyber-Supply Chain Risk Management (C-SCRM) Lifecycle

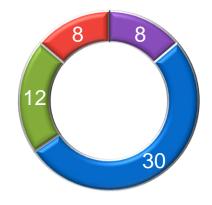
Developed in collaboration with government/industry ICT SCRM Task Force, focuses on 'secure by demand' -- customer expectations for secure software and products are articulated in acquisition and procurement activities and contracts.

- 25 control questions could be skipped if the supplier provides a CISA Secure Software Development Attestation Form without the need for a POA&M.
- Affirmatively answering all 19 Supplier Governance and Attestation questions enables all remaining CONTROL questions in each control category to be skipped in subsequent sections of the guide.



Software Acquisition Guide for Government Enterprise Consumers: Software Assurance in the Cyber-Supply Chain Risk Management (C-SCRM) Lifecycle

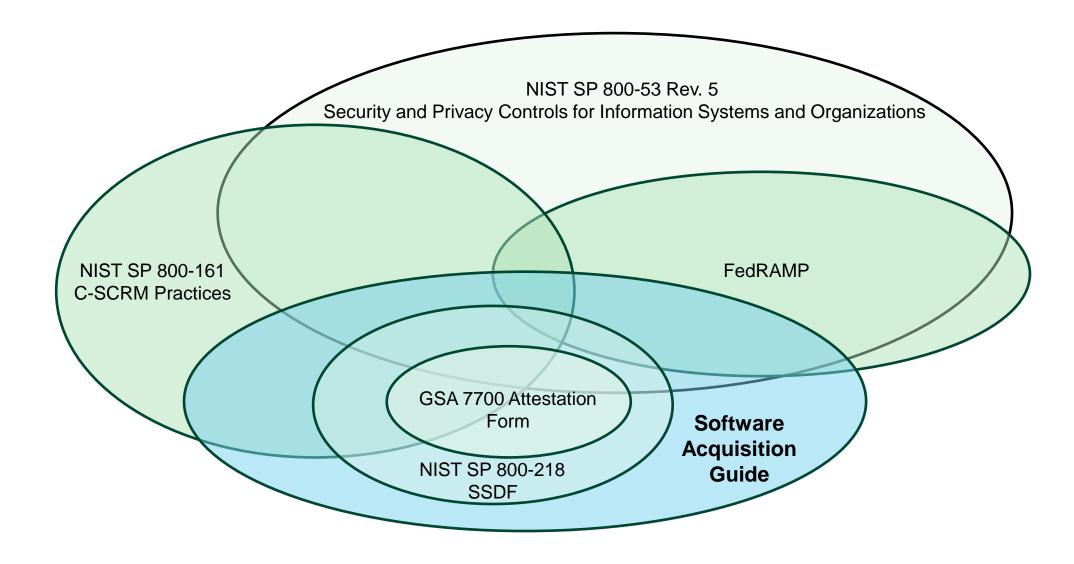
Security Control Questions distributed across SDLC



- Software Supply Chain
- **■**Software Development
- Secure Deployment
- ■Vulnerability Management



# **Government Actions – Overlapping Programs**







## What does this mean for Test?

Your IT team will continue to push security requirements to test systems

- They need to comply with corporate security mandates

Projects you deliver to government agencies or contractors will include security requirements

- Government contracts will include security flow downs

You will need to provide documentation of your secure development

- European, US, and customer requirements need documentation for compliance





# These may translate to you as:

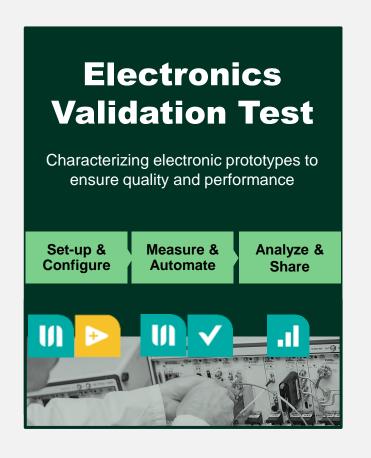
### **Requests for documentation:**

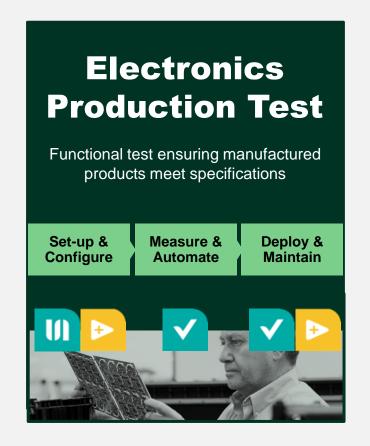
#### **Security testing**

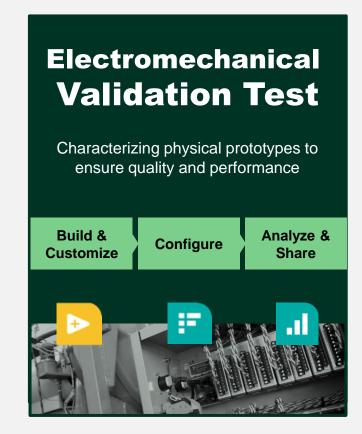
Bill of material / Software bill of materials Letters of volatility COMPLIANCE Compliance documents to 800-171 / 800-53 Compliance to NIST 800-218 (SSDF) **STIGs Requests for certification** FedRAMP for cloud services ICD-503 software security ISO 27001 Static code analysis Dynamic system analysis Vulnerability scans Penetration testing

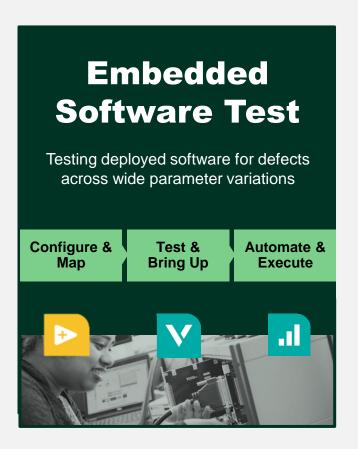
ni.com •

## Software for Professional Test Workflows

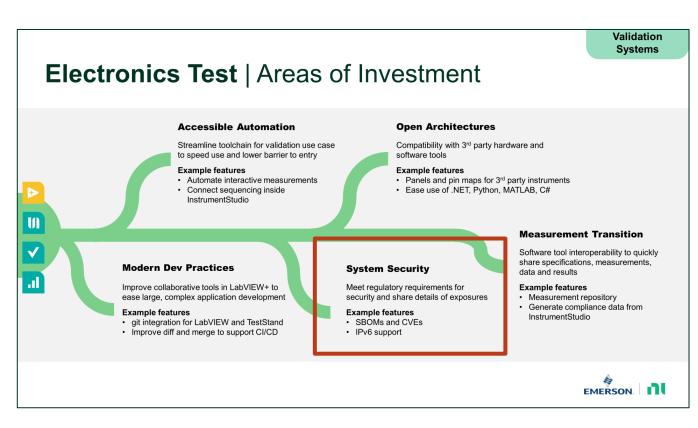


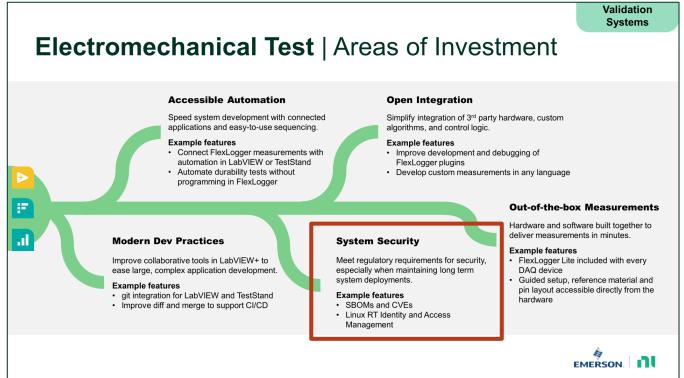




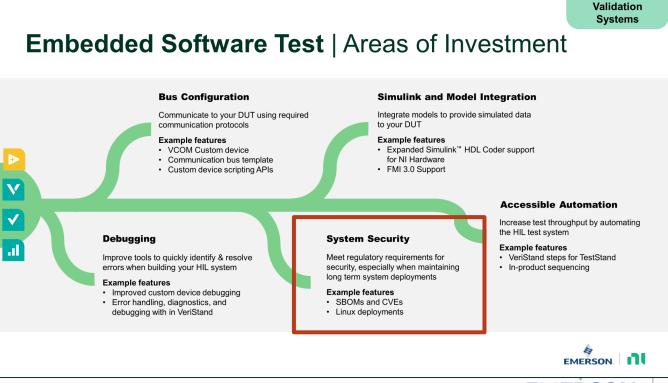








#### Production **Systems Electronics Test** | Areas of Investment **Modernize UI Building Open Architectures** Update UI controls to provide engaging Compatibility with 3rd party hardware and experience for custom interfaces software tools Example features Example features · Multilanguage character support Step Types for 3<sup>rd</sup> party instruments Web controls · Ease use of .NET, Python, MATLAB, C# **Measurement Transition** Software tool interoperability to quickly share specifications, measurements. **Modern Dev Practices System Security** data and results Improve collaborative tools in LabVIEW+ to Meet regulatory requirements for **Example features** security, especially when maintaining Use measurements from a library ease large, complex application development long term system deployments · Integration with SystemLink git integration for LabVIEW and TestStand Example features SBOMs and CVEs Improve diff and merge of LabVIEW code to support CI/CD · Linux deployments EMERSON.





"...most attacks exploit persistent vulnerabilities such as outdated software..."

"For control systems, it is much easier to penetrate and compromise critical infrastructures as there is little to no cyber security in control system field devices and no cyber security training to address these issues."

## Software Updates



The way test systems are funded and maintained for is not a model that supports ongoing security.

- Steve Summers





# **NI Resources** for security

- ni.com/security first stop for security information
- **security@ni.com** report issues, request information
- Letters of volatility with product manuals or at ni.com/letters-of-volatility
- Secure development guides at ni.com/security
- Additional security documentation available on request



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### Security

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### Subscribe to Security Announcements

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We may provide additional information through the NI Update Service, Security Updates page, customer-provided contact information Database.

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### **Download Security Updates**

The NI Update Service is the primary mechanism for distributing security updates for installed software. Security and other critical updates download on the Security Updates page.

Download Security Updates

#### Report a Security Issue

We encourage you to report security vulnerabilities to us privately so that we can follow a coordinated disclosure process, allowing us security issues and publicly disclose them when appropriate.

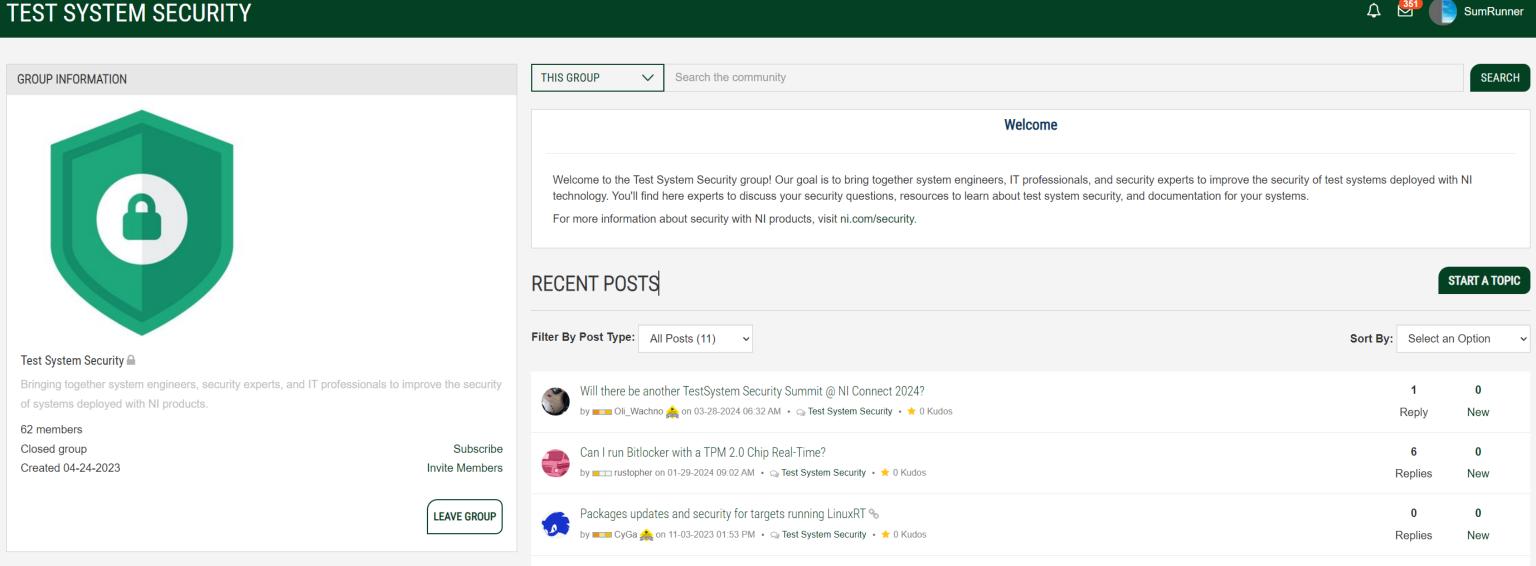
To report security issues in our products or on ni.com, email security@ni.com with sufficient details about how to reproduce the issue. encrypt any sensitive communications you send to us. When you notify us of a potential security issue, our remediation process include coordinating any necessary response activities with you.

For all other support issues, use one of our technical support contact methods

# Test System Security Forum

- Online Forum Join for access
- Next meeting (virtual) June 18 2024

Join forum to receive invites



### NI Test System Security Summit

Semi-annual meeting for test engineers, security teams, and IT professionals

Online forum to access discussions, presentations

Next meeting: June 18 2024

To be invited:

Email steve.summers@ni.com





